

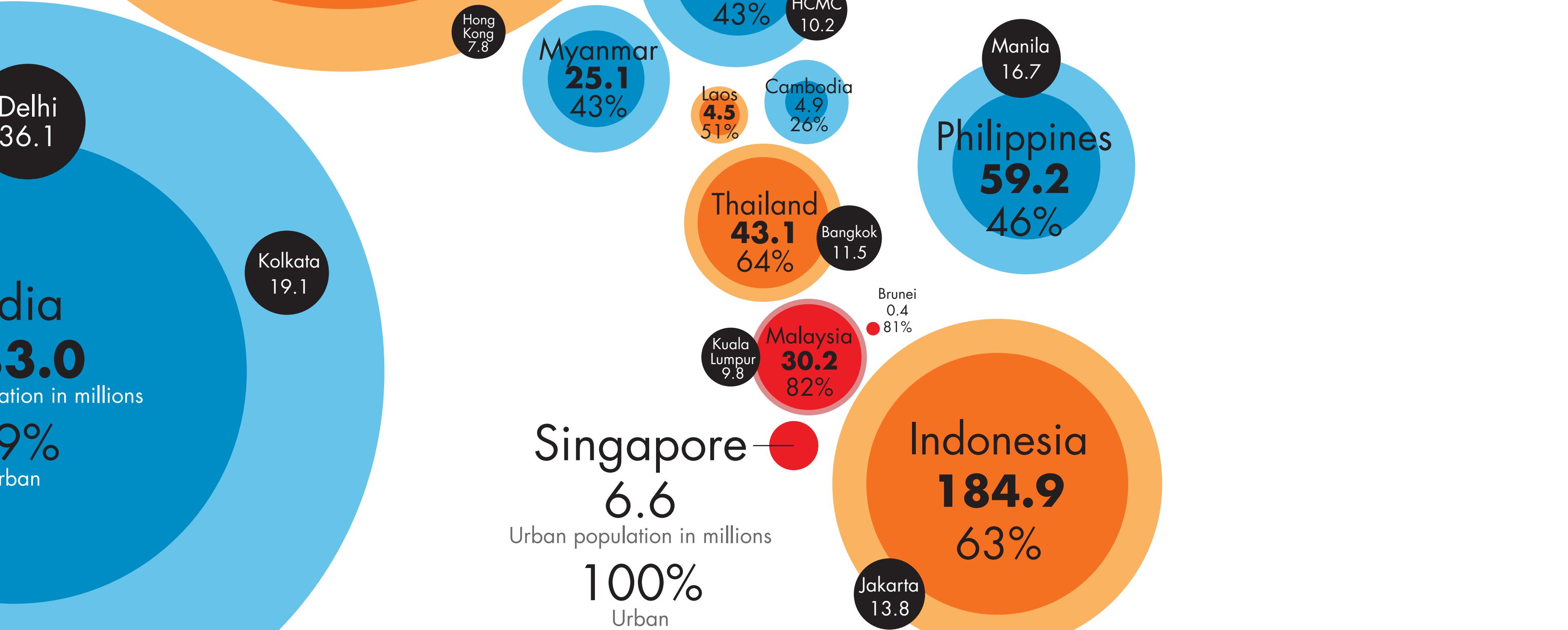
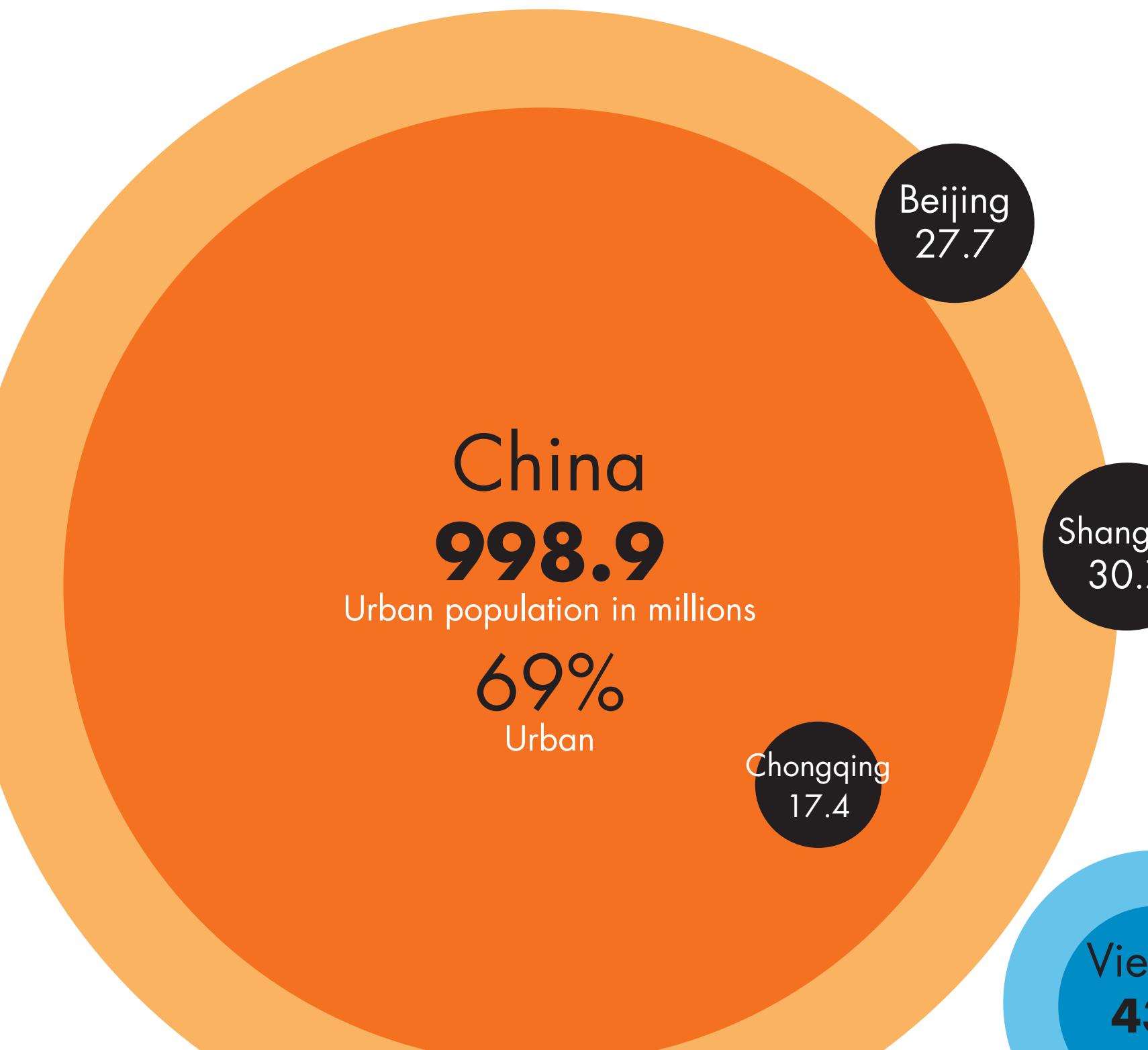
URBANISATION in the ASEAN+



Average annual growth rate (%) of urban population 2025 - 2030

Cambodia	2.74
Laos	2.59
India	2.08
Philippines	2.01
Vietnam	1.85
Myanmar	1.80
Indonesia	1.67
ASEAN+	1.53
Malaysia	1.50
Brunei	1.12
China	1.06
Thailand	1.03
Singapore	0.76
Switzerland	1.13
North America	0.88
Europe	0.19

2030

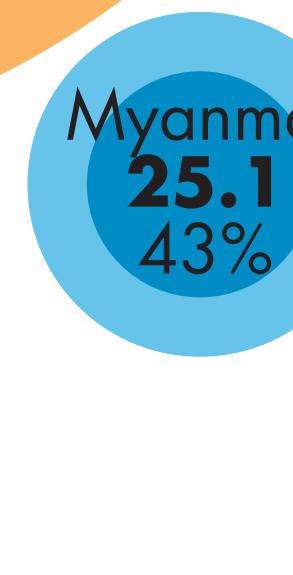
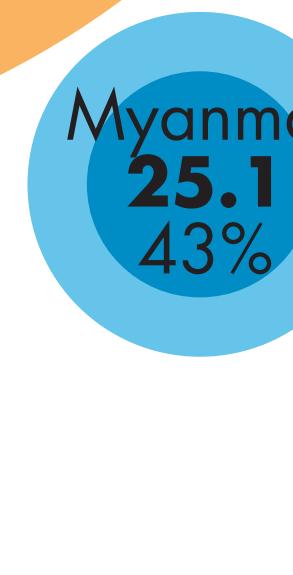
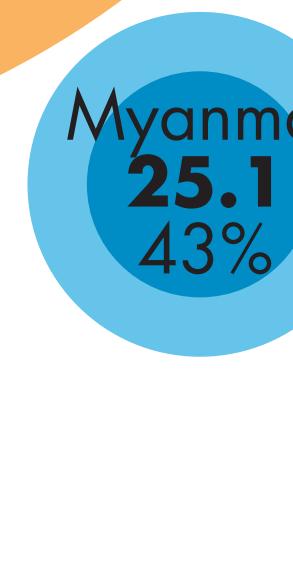
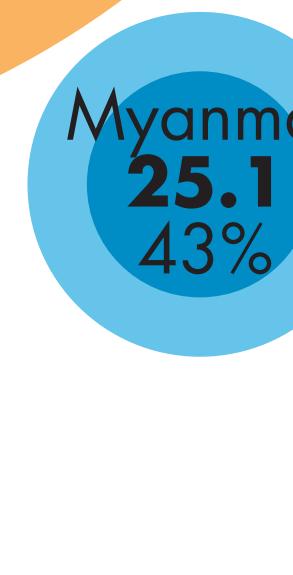
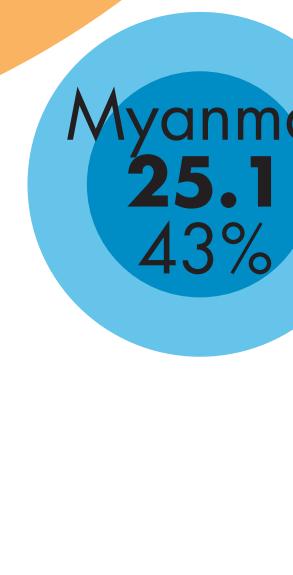
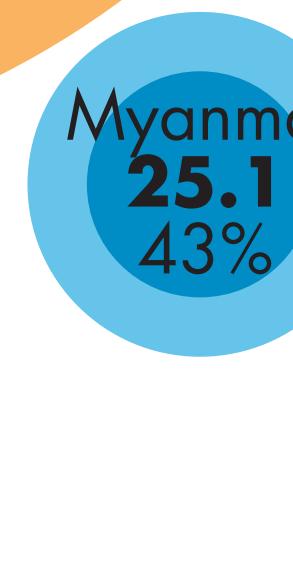
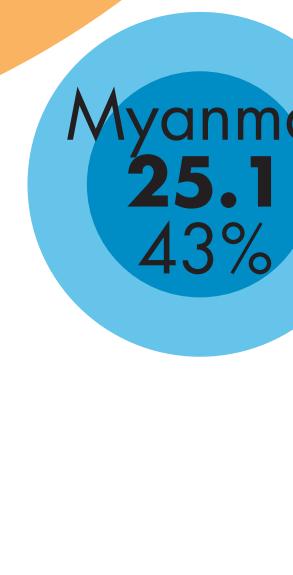
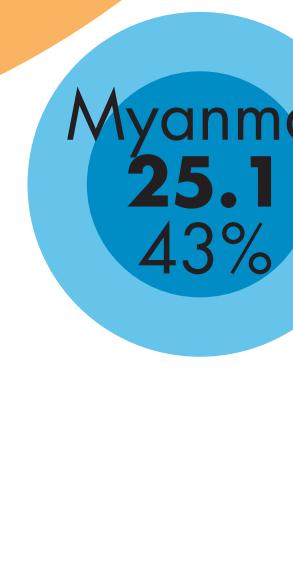
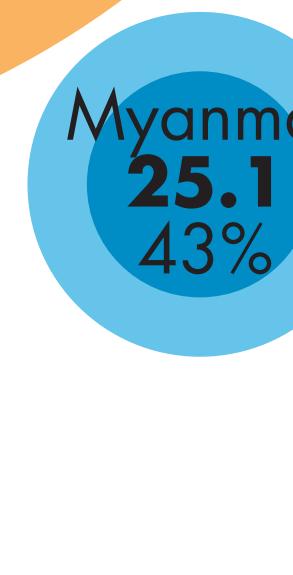
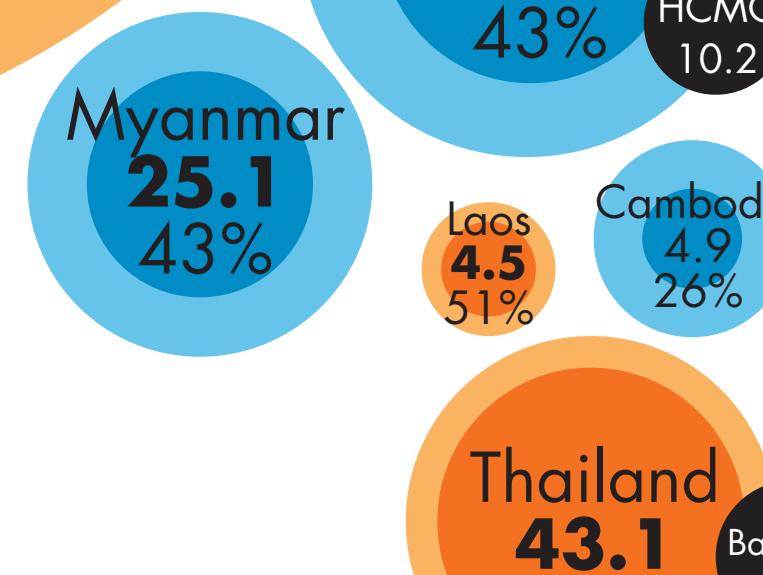
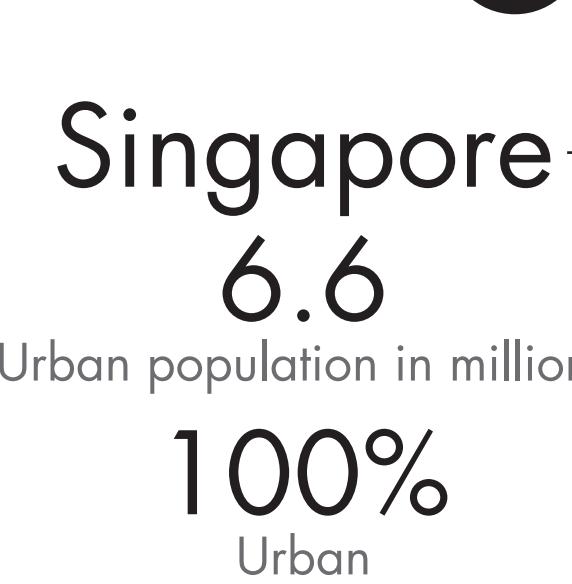
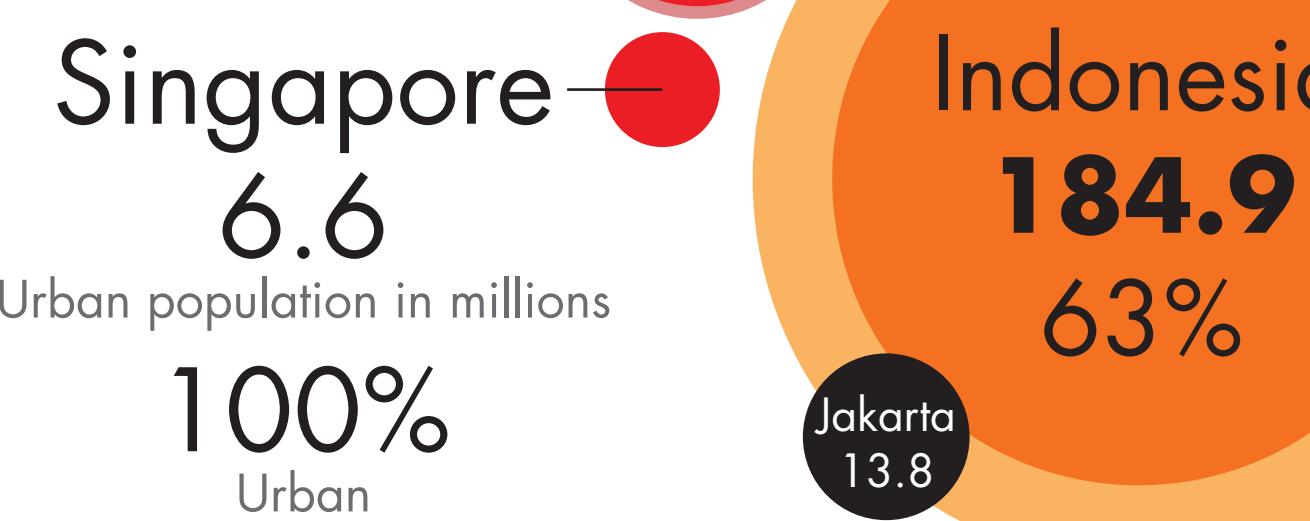


Mumbai

Delhi

Kolkata

India
583.0
Urban population in millions
39% Urban



Classification of countries by degree of urbanization (urban/rural population)

The area of a circle reflects the size of the population: normal color = urban, light color = rural

The outer ring around a country represents its total population.

Highly urban
At least 75% of the population living in urban areas

Predominantly urban
50-74% of the population living in urban areas

Predominantly rural
20-49% of the population living in urban areas

Selected cities of over 7 million people
(number in millions)

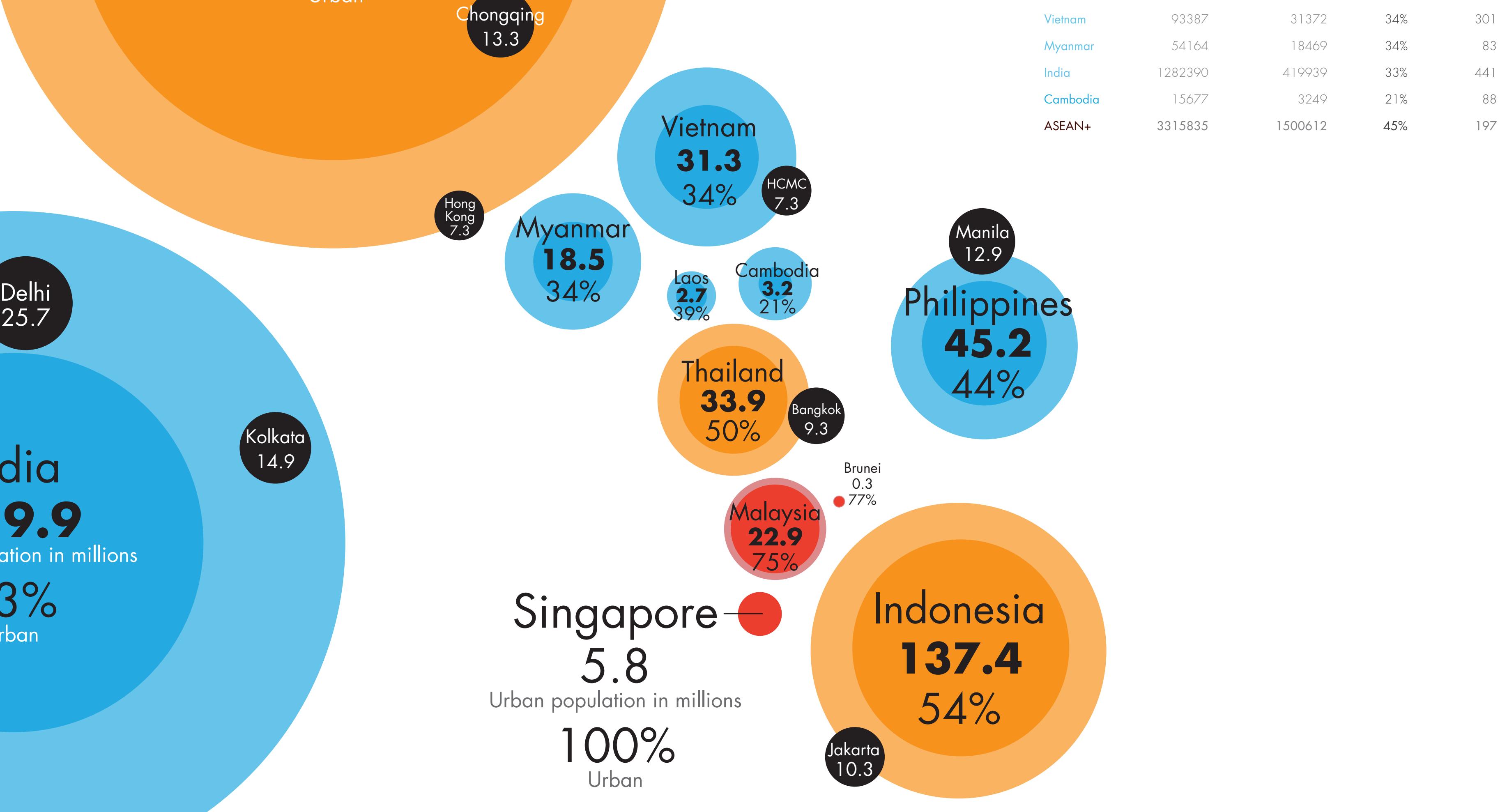
2015

Average annual growth rate (%) of urban population 2010 - 2015

Laos	4.93
China	3.05
Thailand	2.97
Vietnam	2.95
ASEAN+	2.95
Indonesia	2.69
Malaysia	2.66
Cambodia	2.65
Myanmar	2.49
India	2.38
Singapore	2.02
Brunei	1.79
Philippines	1.32
Switzerland	1.08
North America	1.04
Europe	0.33

Data source:
United Nations Population Division,
'World Urbanization Prospects for total
population and rural population,
2014 Revision'
and
'World Population Prospects
for population densities, 2015 Revision',
medium fertility variant 2015 - 2100

ASEAN+ Database, Manuel Stagars (2016),
adapted from Paul Scruton (2007)



Delhi

Kolkata

India
419.9
Urban population in millions
33% Urban



Mumbai

Delhi

Kolkata

India
419.9
Urban population in millions
33% Urban

